

Botanical Name: *Lagerstroemia* 'Muskogee'

Common Name: Muskogee Crape Myrtle
la-ger-STRE-mee-a

TREE



Spring



Summer



Fall



Winter

Family: Lythraceae

Origin: China

Climate Zone: USDA 7-10, Sunset 7-10, 12-14, 18-21, H1, H2

Mature Height: 15-20 feet

Mature Width: 15 feet

Plant Type: Deciduous

Growth Habit: Upright, arching canopy

Growth Rate: Moderate

Flower Color/Details: Each 8-16 inch cluster has hundreds of light lavender-pink flowers

Flower Season: Heaviest in summer, 120 days, one of longest flower season of Crape Myrtles

Bark: Smooth, cinnamon colored bark peels in thin strips during summer to shiny light gray

Fruit: N/A

Foliage: Dark green leaves, orange-red in fall

Use: Specimen plant, group planting, small street tree, mixed in borders

Floral: Unknown

Wildlife/Beneficials: Beneficial insects and birds

Deer Resistant: Unknown

Fire Resistant: Yes

Medicinal Uses/Edible: Unknown

Adverse Factors: Aphids, mealybugs, scale, whitefly may be a problem if overwatered

Soil: Adaptable, if well-drained

Exposure: Full sun

Water Requirements: Low, drought tolerant

WUCOLS Water Needs: L L M M M M

Description: Summer flowers, fall color, and winter ornamental bark provide year-round interest. Crinkly-petaled, crepe-like flowers in dense clusters. Deciduous, often multi-trunk shrub or small tree. Mildew resistant

Maintenance: Do not overwater to avoid pest insects. Prune in late winter. To avoid weak, rampant growth, do not make heading cuts or top. Always prune back to a crotch. May need to control ants, preventing them from nesting around or in the tree, to control aphids and the sooty mold that grows on their honeydew.



#15 Nursery Container