Botanical Name: Erigeron karvinskianus Common Name: Santa Barbara Daisy

Eh-RHI-jer-ahn kar-VIN-skee-ah-nis

PERENNIAL



Spring



Summer



Fall



Winter

Family: Asteraceae
Origin: Mexico

Climate Zone: USDA 5-8, Sunset 8,9, 12-24

Mature Height: 1-1 ½ feet Mature Width: 3 feet Plant Type: Evergreen

Growth Habit: Low, trailing, clumps

Growth Rate: Fast

Flower Color/Details: White or pink rays with

yellow eye

Flower Season: Year round

Bark: N/A Fruit: N/A

Foliage: Dainty toothed medium green leaves Use: Filler, border, accent, groundcover, meadow accent in native, woodland, or rock gardens, naturalizing. Graceful trailer in hanging baskets

and window boxes Floral: Unknown

Wildlife/Beneficials: Attracts butterflies, food source for native bees, beneficial flies and non-

stinging wasps

Deer Resistant: Yes, especially when dry

Fire Resistant: Unknown

Medicinal Uses/Edible: Unknown
Adverse Factors: Naturalizes easily

Soil: Adaptable, well drained Exposure: Full sun, light shade

Water Requirements: Low, drought tolerant

WUCOLS Water Needs: L L M M M M

Description: Delicate lacelike effect in masses. Often referred to as Mexican Daisy, Mexican or

Latin American Fleabane, as well as *E. karvinskianus* 'Profusion' and *E. mucronatus Maintenance:* Easy care. Trim in winter to

rejuvenate bloom and foliage, manage size. Cut out deadened undergrowth from mound, then fluff up foliage so plant can breathe and restore fullness. Occasionally, gently comb through crown with hand rake to remove dead foliage, rejuvenate, control size. Spreads by runners, called rhizomes, and seed close to mother clump. Pull, if needed to maintain shape of entire plant.





#1 Nursery Container