Botanical Name: Abelia x grandiflora 'Kaleidoscope'

Common Name: Kaleidoscope Abelia a-BE-lia gran-di-FLO-ra

SHRUB/GROUNDCOVER



Spring



Summer



Fall



Winter

Family: Caprifoliaceae Origin: China (Asia)

Climate Zone: USDA 6-10, Sunset 4-24, H1, H2

Mature Height: 2-3 feet Mature Width: 3-4 feet Plant Type: Evergreen

Growth Habit: Compact, dense, low, mounding

Growth Rate: Moderate

Flower Color/Details: Light pink buds open to

small white, tubular, fragrant flowers *Flower Season:* Summer and fall

Bark: Red stems

Fruit: N/A

Foliage: Variegated leaves that are bright yellow and green in spring; golden yellow and green in summer; golden yellow, orange, red in fall. The foliage does not scorch in full sun.

Use: Low accent plant, small groupings, massing, mixed borders, informal hedge, containers

Floral: Unknown

Wildlife/Beneficials: Attracts butterflies, bees, and

birds

Deer Resistant: Yes Fire Resistant: Unknown

Medicinal Uses/Edible: Unknown
Adverse Factors: Unknown

Soil: Adaptable, well-drained Exposure: Partial shade to full sun

Water Requirements: Medium, drought tolerant

once established

WUCOLS Water Needs: M M M M / / UC Davis Arboretum All-Star: No

Description: A graceful, low mounding shrub with glossy medium-sized leaves in a variety of colors throughout the seasons, creating year-round interest. Plant in full sun for vibrant foliage color and best flowering.

Maintenance: For a neat appearance, prune to shape in late winter or early spring before new growth begins. Reach inside the plant, cutting old, stiff or leafless canes at the base, as close to the ground as possible. Do not shear; shearing causes canes to die inside the canopy.



#1 Nursery Container

